

THE SPIRIT OF DEMOCRACY.

A Family Newspaper---Devoted to Politics, Foreign and Domestic News, Literature, the Arts and Sciences, Education, Markets, Amusements &c

VOLUME 41.

WOODSFIELD, MONROE COUNTY, OHIO, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1884

NUMBER 33.

THE SPIRIT OF DEMOCRACY.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY.

HENRY R. WEST,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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Local Notices, per line, first insertion, 10 cents, and five cents per line for each additional week.

ATTORNEYS.

WILLIAM H. OKEY, Notary Public.

W. M. OKEY & SON,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
WOODSFIELD, OHIO.
Will practice in Monroe and adjoining counties. Office south of Public Square, formerly occupied by Hollister & Okey. Feb 14/83.

A. J. PEARSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
WOODSFIELD, OHIO.
(OFFICE OVER KETTER'S STORE.)
Sept 12/82.

WILLIAM H. COOKE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW & Notary Public,
WOODSFIELD, OHIO.
Nov. 11, 1879-1881.

G. W. HAMILTON,
Attorney at Law & Notary Public,
Woodfield, Ohio.
Will practice in Monroe and other counties. Jan 17/82.

James Watson,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
MASTER COMMISSIONER,
WOODSFIELD, OHIO,
Jan 1/82.

W. S. WILBY,
PROSECUTING ATTORNEY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
(Office over State in Court House.)
NEW HARTSVILLE, WEST VA.
Jan 20/82.

S. P. SPRIGGS & DRIGGS,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law
And Claim Agents,
WOODSFIELD, OHIO.
Office—Up stairs in Court House.
Apr 26/74.

FURNITURE.

IMMENSE STOCK
—OF—
FURNITURE!
—AT—
REBLING & STOEHR'S,
NEAR THE DEPOT,
WOODSFIELD, OHIO

Extra inducements to customers in the way of
GOOD GOODS FOR LOW PRICES,
and as cheap as the cheapest.

Wardrobes, Chairs, Tables, Bureaus,
Hedsteads, Looking
Glasses, Hat Racks, Picture
Frames.

And everything else in the Furniture Line
Pictured Framed to Order
IN BEST OF STYLE.

UNDERTAKING
Promptly and carefully attended to. All
kinds of Undertaking Goods always on hand,
consisting of Coffins, Caskets, Shrouds and
Burial Robes of all sizes. Dec 27/81.

A PRIZE
Send six cents for
postage, and receive
free, a costly box of
all kinds of goods which will help
all of them to save money right away
than anything else in the world. Fortunes
await the workers absolutely free. At once
address Tava & Co., Augusta, Maine—41-87.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. R. DENNIE,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
BEALLSVILLE, OHIO.
Office in the Armstrong property.
Apr 30/78.

DR. J. J. WAY,
Physician and Surgeon,
ELM CREEK, Washington Twp, Monroe
County, Ohio.
All calls promptly attended to, during the
day or night. Feb 23/79.

DR. JAMES A. MCCOY,
DENTIST,
CALDWELL, OHIO.
Visits Woodsfield Regularly. I guarantee
better work and the better materials
than any Dentist in the county. Apr 15/84

Obio Farmers Fire Insurance Com.
LEROY, OHIO.

Assets, : : \$1,187,236 03
All losses promptly paid.
JOHN JEFFERS,
Beallsville, Ohio,
Agent for Monroe County.
Nov 12/78.

A. G. W. POTTS,
General Insurance Agent,
Hannibal, Ohio.
Agent for the following Companies:
Also for Tornadoes, Cyclones, Hurricanes
and Wind Storms.

AMAZON, : : Cincinnati,
ROYAL OF LIVERPOOL, England,
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE, England.
QUEEN OF LIVERPOOL, England.
DAVID, of DAYTON, Ohio.

Applications also taken for various other
Companies, all of which are the most reliable
Companies in the United States. All
claims of

Fire and Country Buildings,
Merchandise, Lumber, Stock,
Grain and Farm Implements.
Insured at low rates in good Companies. Ap-
plications either by mail or in person
promptly attended to. Mar 27/84.

MILLINERY.
New Millinery
GOODS.

MRS. N. J. CLARK
Keeps constantly on hand

MILLINERY GOODS & FANCY GOODS,
which are offered at prices to suit the times.
All work executed to my care will be
promptly done. Please call and examine
Goods and learn prices.
MRS. N. J. CLARK,
Woodfield, Ohio.
Sept 14/80.

Fine Art Marble Works,
JOHN M. EBERLE, Proprietor.
MILTONSBURG, O.

DEALER IN
FINE GRANITE
MONUMENTS

Of all kinds. Also manufacturer of Monu-
ments, Tombstones, etc., of both
Italian and American Marble,
which he will sell at prices that
DEFY COMPETITION.

Special Arrangements
for selling. Parties buying of me or of
my agent, SIMON J. DOER, Woods-
field, Ohio, can secure work 25 or 30 per
cent cheaper than elsewhere.

Designs and Estimates Furnished
on application. Mr. Eberle is the builder of
the Soldiers' and Sailors' Monument at Bel-
lsville, Ohio.

FOR SALE.
I WILL SELL MY PROPERTY AT TU-
LUM, Jackson township, Monroe
County, Ohio, consisting of three acres of
land, dwelling house and barn. The prop-
erty is in good condition. For terms call on
the premises or address
MRS. FREDERICKA SCHMIDT,
Sellersville, Tyler County, West Va.
Aug 28/84.

Groceries and Notions
FRITZ BUCKIO'S.

I have just received a full stock of Gro-
ceries, Notions, Tobacco, Cigars and Candies.
Can furnish you at low rates any article
kept in a grocery store. Give me a call.
Nov. 20, 1883. FRITZ BUCKIO.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.
On the 21st day of August, in the year 1884,
the Probate Court of Monroe county, Ohio,
declared the estate of Thomas C. Penn, deceased,
to be probably insolvent. Creditors are
therefore required to present their claims
against the estate to the undersigned, for al-
lowance, within six months from the time
above mentioned, or they will not be entitled
to payment. THOMAS T. TWINE,
Adm'r of Thomas C. Penn, dec'd.
Aug 20/84.

Poetry.

WHEN MY SHIP COMES IN.

BY EDWARD S. RAND.

Summer and winter are no more,
And the day is bright, he it storm or shine.
For far away, o'er a sunny sea,
Sails a treasure vessel, and all is mine.

"I see the ripples that fall away,
As the clearest the sun waves before,
And nearer, nearer, day by day,
Draws the happy hour when she comes to shore."

"But what if she never comes?" you say,
"If you never the honor, the treasure, gain?"
It has made me happier, day by day,
It has eased full many an aching pain;

It has kept the spirit from ever free,
Has defied the sea with its wild, rude din.
Oh! best of blessings 'tis been to me,
To look for the hour when my ship comes in.

Election day, Tues-
day, October 14th.

A Misrepresentation.
Mr. Blaine's Tribune thus quotes and
echoes Ben Butler's Sun:

"If there was a secret then about
Mr. Cleveland's opinions regarding a
protective tariff, why should he pass
over the whole subject in silence?"

"There can be no reason given for this
silence, except the same desire to deceive
the voters which causes the British Free
Trade organs here to pretend that the
tariff is not the main issue."

As there is no truth in the Sun's state-
ment there is no sense in the Tribune's
comments.

Gov. Cleveland did not "pass over the
whole subject" of the tariff "in silence"
in his Letter of Acceptance. Such an
assertion lacks the element of veracity.
Hence there could have been no desire
on Gov. Cleveland's part to "deceive the
voters."

Gov. Cleveland, on the contrary, stated
in his admirable letter that he accepted
and "cordially approved" the tariff
platforms and all other parts of the Chicago
Democratic platform.

On July 12, the day after Cleveland's
nomination, the Sun spoke as follows of
the tariff and taxation plank of the plat-
form:

"The platform escapes the great dan-
gers that have beset the Democracy, and
escapes them not by any compromise of
doctrine or any juggle of words. The
whole question is placed on the ground
of practical statesmanship and the neces-
sities of the country. The Free Trade
advocates no iota of his aspirations; the
Protectionist has nothing to construe
away or apologize for. It is judicious,
wise and progressive. It is what the
Sun has contended for during the last
two years. We are content with it!"

When Governor Cleveland declared that
he "cordially approved" this platform, is
it Democratic, is it independent, is it fair
and truthful to say that he "passes over
the whole subject in silence?"

Ought not a religious journal which as-
sumes a censorship over public morals to
feel ashamed of such a willful misrepresen-
tation?

Tuesday, October 14th, is
Election Day.

MULLIGAN BLAINE.
The Republican Candidate Com-
pletely Knocked Out.

New York, Sept. 16.—The publication
of the missing Mulligan letters has al-
most the sole topic of conversation to-
day at Democratic and Republican head-
quarters. Every morning newspaper in
the city printed the letters except the
Tribune. At Republican headquarters there
was a disposition to pass the matter
over as a campaign joke; but there was
a great deal of very perceptible nerv-
ousness accompanying the effort. At
Democratic headquarters the letters are
looked upon as the death-blow to Blaine,
and it was suggested that Blaine would
be withdrawn and President Arthur put
in his place. A Democrat of national
reputation said:

"The Republicans are on the run.
If there are any doubts as to Blaine's
character, it seems to me they must be
removed by this morning's publications.
The letters make it plain to every man
that the Republican who believed that the
President of the United States should be
the first gentleman in the land, I believe
that if it could be shown that Governor
Cleveland had written any letters such as
these, he would be withdrawn as a candi-
date. Mr. Blaine is a man who will not
choose for their President a man of whom
such things can be said. The revelation
is astonishing and must prove humiliat-
ing to every honest Republican."

"Neither Republican lawyers nor all
the skilled criminal lawyers in the coun-
try will be able to interpret Blaine's
letter as the letter of an honest man,"
said Judge John Delmar. I should not
be surprised to see

A Perfect Stampede
from the ranks of Blaine's supporters.
Interviews with many leading Republi-
cans and bankers to-day developed an
almost unanimous opinion that the sec-
ond edition of Mulligan letters has very
materially damaged Blaine. The indepen-
dents are in high feather, and their
headquarters were crowded with visitors
to-day. Secretary Green said that the
latest accession to the Mulligan literature
had practically settled the whole ques-
tion.

"To tell you the truth," he said, "I am
somewhat fearful about Mr. Blaine, as
from the man's nature I would not be
surprised to hear of his suicide. I hope
nothing of that nature will ensue. As to
our prospects things never looked
brighter."

Humor in the Stomach.
Much of the distress and sickness at-
tributed to dyspepsia, chronic diarrhea
and other cases is occasioned by humors
in the stomach. Several cases with all
the characteristics of these complaints
have been cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla.
Other cases effected by this medicine are
so wonderful that the simplest statement
of them affords the best proof that it
combines rare curative agents and when
used secures the confidence of the people.

New York World, 15th Inst. The Confession of Guilt.

It is with humiliation that we print
this morning the extraordinary correspon-
dence, now first given to the public,
between Mr. Blaine and Warren Fisher.
The amazing exhibit made by these let-
ters of sordid subterfuge and of guilty
implication on the part of a Speaker
of the House of Representatives is one
to bring the blush of shame to every
American, and no mere partisan feeling
can quite overcome the sense of Nation-
al humiliation at the dishonor to the
country.

No one can read these letters of Mr.
Blaine without arriving at the conviction
that the writer was using his position in
the House of Representatives for the most
ignoble and selfish purposes. The
internal evidence of direct and systematic
collusion with railroad jobbers and
lobbyists is unmistakable. "It will be
in my power at the approaching session
of Congress," writes Mr. Blaine to Mr.
Fisher with regard to the establishment
of a bank at Little Rock, "to cast an
anchor to windward in your behalf."

"If there was a secret then about
Mr. Cleveland's opinions regarding a
protective tariff, why should he pass
over the whole subject in silence?"

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silence, except the same desire to deceive
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Remember the election on
Tuesday, October 14th.

More Mulligan Letters.

Blaine's Appeal for Whitewash
from the Plastic Brush of
"My Dear Fisher."

[CONFIDENTIAL.]
WASHINGTON, D. C., 16th April, 1878.
MR. DEAR MR. FISHER: You can do
me a very great favor, and I know it will
give you pleasure to do so—just as I
would do for you under similar circum-
stances. Certain persons and papers are
trying to throw mud at me to injure my
candidate before the Cincinnati Conven-
tion, and you may observe that they are
trying it in connection with the Little Rock
and Fort Smith matter.

I want you to send me a letter such as
the enclosed draft. You will receive this
to-morrow (Monday) evening, and it
will be a favor I shall never forget if
you will at once write me the letter and
mail the same evening.

The letter is strictly true, is honorable
to you and to me, and will stop the
mouths of slanderers at once.

Regarding this letter as strictly confi-
dential. Do not show it to any one. The
draft is in the hands of my clerk, who is
as trustworthy as any man can be. If
you can't get the letter written in season
for the nine o'clock mail to New York,
please be sure to mail it during the night
so that it will start first mail Tuesday
morning; but if possible, I pray you to
get it in the nine o'clock mail Monday
evening. Kind regards to Mrs. Fisher.
Sincerely,
J. G. B.

[BURN THIS LETTER.]
[ENDORSED ON THE BACK]
Not knowing your exact address I send
this to the Parker House, in order that
it may [not] be subject to any danger in
the hands of a carrier. J. G. B.

The Western Union Telegraph Company.
DETROIT, WASHINGTON, D. C., 1878.
Received at 9:44, April 18.

TO WARREN FISHER, Commonwealth
Hotel: Please go Parker House to-mor-
row, Monday evening; on arrival, deliver
mail from New York, and let me hear
by return mail.

J. G. BLAINE.
The following is the enclosure referred
to in the preceding letter.
BOSTON, April 18, 1878.

HON. JAMES G. BLAINE,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
DEAR SIR: I observe that certain news-
papers are making or rather insinuating
the absurd charge that you own or had
owned a large tract of land in the
Little Rock and Fort Smith matter, and
that you had obtained this land by a grati-
tude.

The enterprise of building the Little
Rock and Fort Smith Railroad was un-
dertaken in 1869 by a company of Boston
gentlemen, of whom I remember the
names, and who were now pending a
bill upon the market in this city on what
was deemed very advantageous terms to
the purchaser. They were sold largely
through myself. You became the pur-
chaser of about \$30,000 of the Bonds on
precisely the same terms as I had either
before or since, and for them in instal-
ments running over a considerable pe-
riod, just as others did. The transaction
was perfectly open, and there was no
more secrecy in regard to it than if you
had been buying food or sugar. I am
sure you never owned a bond of the road
any longer, and for that matter, you had
not the right to sell them at a profit.

I indeed, I am sure that no one re-
ceived bond is on any other terms.
When the road got into financial diffi-
culties, and the loss fell upon you, you
retained your bonds, and you held
them clear through to the reorganization
of the company in 1874, excluding
your stock & bonds of the new com-
pany.

You acquired also some demands
against the new Company by reason of
your having joined with others in raising
some money when the Company was in
pressing need. For the recovery of that
money, you are now pending in the
U. S. Circuit Court in Arkansas, to
which you are openly a party of record.
Concealment of the investment and every
thing connected with it would have been
very easy had concealment been desir-
able; but your action in the whole matter
was perfectly open, and you have noth-
ing to hide from the public eye.

But the lowest estimate, half a
million is worth not only to any one
starting with nothing, but to all of our
countrymen except a few. This is the
character of the case.

Is there no improper or wrong not
to be so much concerned in the strict
sense of the word, and can it be truly said
that to be charged with such conduct is
not to be accused of wrongful acts?

Remember the election on
Tuesday, October 14th.

The Irish-Americans in Maine.
Boston Post.

Several thousand dollars were paid
Patrick Ford for copies of his paper to
be distributed in Maine. The money was
paid by Republicans, and the object
was the conversion of Irish-American
voters to Republicanism and Blaine-
ism. The great efforts involving both
time and money, which were put forth
to accomplish this result, were unavailing.
The Irish Democrats of Maine remained
true to the Democratic party and worked
hard for its success. Of course there
were individual exceptions, but the great
mass of them remained true to the
party of constitutional liberty and
administrative reform. In Waterville,
where there are quite a large number of
Irish-American voters, the Democratic
vote was increased from 411 to 492.
In Brunswick it was increased nearly 100
votes. In Lewiston, 233; in Portland,
276; in Bangor, 106. In Biddeford,
where there are several hundred Irish-
American voters, the most remarkable
gain was made, the vote having been run
up from 978 to 1,306 while the Republi-
can vote fell from 1,057 to 978. It is
worth noting that Hon. Patrick A. A.
has delivered his only speech of the
Maine campaign in Biddeford.

Natting a Lie
New York, Sept. 13.—The Herald
this morning prints the following:
SAF. FRANCISCO, Sept. 13, 1884.
To the Editor of the Herald:
I report that Stephen M. White,
Chairman of the Stockton Convention
has gone over to Blaine in an infamous
lie. W. D. ENGLISH.

Remember the election on
Tuesday, October 14th.

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Senator Hoar for the Defense.

From Harper's Weekly—Bep.

The friends of Mr. Hoar have at last
seen the folly of attempting to persuade
Republicans by praising the Republican
party and denouncing the Democratic
party to support a Presidential candidate
they hold to be unworthy. Such
Republicans have praised one party and
denounced the other quite as warmly as
their fellow-Republicans who propose to
vote for Mr. Blaine. But the higher the
standard of official conduct and of party
principles and character is raised, the
more difficult it is to show them that for
the sake of the party they ought to do
something which in their judgment is
entirely unworthy of the party. All the
Blaine speeches, therefore, for the first
three months of the campaign, were to-
tally futile in regard to this point.

The Republicans have their hopes of
the Republican party this year hanging on
Ohio. In other words the Republicans must
win an October victory in Ohio, or they
will be then and there distanced in the
Presidential race, while a failure of the
Democrats to carry the State in October
will not affect their calculations for No-
vember in any respect.

In 1880, out of 724,967 votes cast in
Ohio for President, Garfield received
375,048. His vote has never been
approached by any other candidate.
Gov. Hoadly was elected by only 559,
793 votes, out of a total of 718,265. The
Republicans, therefore, have the contest
with a record of 15,355 votes cast for
Garfield in excess of the vote ever
cast for any Democratic candidate.

This ignores the fact that Hoadly in
1883 polled about 19,000 more votes
than Hancock. Where did they come
from? A part of them can be accounted
for in Frank Hurst's district, where in
1883 on a heavier vote than that of 1880
the Democratic gain was more than 5,
000.

The Ohio Democrats give their brethren
outside of the State strong assurances
that a victory on the 14th proximo
is probable. They do not believe that
the German Republicans, who voted with
them in 1883, they do not believe that
with them in 1883—have gone or
will go back to their old political affilia-
tion. They believe that Mr. Blaine's
Prohibition record and his Prohibition
victory in Maine will prevent such a re-
turn of the disaffected. Aside from this
fact, the Ohio Democrats are confident
that Mr. Blaine as a strong candidate in
their State, because many of Garfield's
friends hold Mr. Blaine responsible for
the fight of the factions in 1881, which
resulted in the wrecking of the Garfield
Administration and the murder of the
President.

The policy of the Democratic party
in view of these facts, is to hope for a
Democratic victory in Ohio next month
as a welcome gratuity, not as a necessity;
to rejoice over it, if it comes, as an un-
expected beneficence making the election
of Cleveland more sure; but to look
upon that State as the natural and
indispensable meat of the Republican
party, and feel no discouragement or
disappointment if it goes as it has always
gone in Presidential elections.

Tuesday, October 14th, is
Election Day.

More Hot Shot
X. X. World.

Congressman Theodore Lyman has
been opposed to Blaine, though in the first
and in accepting a renomination to Con-
gress he takes occasion to say something
about his position in National politics:

"Having been a Republican since the
disolution of the Whig party, it would
be natural in me to vote for the Republi-
can nominees, but for Mr. Blaine I can
not vote."

It cannot be denied that the only
candidate for whom the majority of the
Massachusetts delegates at the last three
Republican National Conventions, and
conspicuously at the convention in June
of this year, declined to vote was Mr.
Blaine. Why